

The Saturday News

ALBERTA'S PROVINCIAL WEEKLY

Vol. II

No. 28

Note and Comment

The event of the week, so far as Alberta was concerned, was the appearance of Mr. P. Burns before the beef commission at Calgary. The importance of cattle raising, as an industry to the province, and the fact that vegetarianism not being in extensive practice in our midst, we are all concerned as consumers in the disposal of the stockgrowers' product, serve to give the investigation now in progress unusual importance in the eye of the average man. Mr. Burns has for a long time been recognized as the centre around which the cattle trade of Alberta revolves. It remained, however, for the evidence which he gave at Calgary for the public to realize the extent and character of the influence which he exerts.

There never has been a combine in cattle in Canada, he declared. To determine whether there is or not is one of the objects of the commission. "There are three concerns" continued Mr. Burns, "which the people of this western country have made up their minds to knock, for some reason or other. These three concerns are the C.P.R., Gordon and Ironsides and Pat Burns. Men like Gordon and Ironsides have been to making of the west. Through adversity they have persevered, and have done the country priceless good by the fact of their existence. There never was a cattle combine. I could give the commission a list of the people whom I have overpaid. During the last winter I have overpaid \$150,000. Men like Ironsides and myself are necessary to the country. Without us the country could not exist."

What has the C.P.R. to do with the case? By bringing in its name, Mr. Burns can hardly hope to strengthen his own claim as a public benefactor. The building of the C.P.R. was undoubtedly responsible for the opening up of Western Canada in the first place, but in return for doing so, it was given privileges which have weighed very heavily on the country ever since. Brighter days have dawned for the west since there was relief afforded from its monopoly. Will there not be still brighter days when its fellow philanthropists Messrs. Burns, Gordon and Ironsides cease to occupy the position in connection with the cattle trade that it did for so long in connection with transportation?

But Mr. Burns did not stop with the words that we have quoted. "I am only a simple fellow," he exclaimed, "and I have not got a dozen heads, whatever people may say or think. I have fed as many as 20,000 sheep in a year, and killed as many again. I pay the biggest wages in the country and without Pat Burns the western country would starve in ten days."

One of the Commissioners asked Mr. Burns whether he did not think that someone would take his place if he went out of business.

"They could not do it," retorted Mr. Burns defiantly. "They couldn't do it," and he repeated that Canada was a free country. "What the country wants," he went on more quietly, "is more hogs. I import hogs from all over the States, and then I have not got enough. The farmers of Alberta are in land which is eminently suited for hog raising, and the market is at the door."

The Commission has not been in vain if it accomplishes nothing more than to bring from Mr. Burns these statements. No matter how much of a public benefactor he may be, it is surely not in the interests of any country to be dependent on one man to keep it from starvation. He has his own interests to serve. Is it reasonable to leave the power in his hands to squeeze the public as he likes? After such a statement as he has made in the above, it is useless for him to talk about not possessing a monopoly and if relief cannot be obtained through private enterprise it is necessary for the government to consider what steps it can take to bring about changed conditions.

As was to be expected the Winnipeg Free Press comes out with an exultant article on the result of the Montalbetti case at Macleod. "A Badly Damaged Scandal!" it heads its comment. The jury's decision, we are told, puts the finishing stroke to a most carefully elaborated case against the Don Union Government. The confidence of the Free Press is hardly justified. At best the meaning of the result is only that the decision of a jury is placed against that of Justice Wetmore. The latter unquestionably found that Montalbetti had resorted to fraud in order to secure the right of purchasing the townsite.

But even with the jury's verdict to support its claims, the Free Press is not content to state the facts correctly to its readers. "The judge, it continues, "expressed his opinion that Montalbetti in making his application to the Department of the Interior and furnishing his proof of first settlement misrepresented the facts to an extent that might imperil his title if the Dominion Government chose to press for cancellation. This, however, the Department of the Interior did not do so on grounds of public policy."

Note the words "Might imperil his title." As a matter of record, Justice Burbridge when the case came before him, acting upon the report of Justice Wetmore, the referee, held that Montalbetti had no right to the quarter section and no equitable claim to the consideration and indulgence of the Crown. These are his exact words. Mr. Chrysler, the solicitor for the department, intimated to the minister that the judge was willing to cancel Montalbetti's patent. But instead of asking for this, the department simply had the case dismissed.

This was the situation before Mr. Lyon, the other claimant, decided to lay a charge of perjury against Montalbetti. Why should it have been left to Lyon to institute proceedings? Justice Wetmore had found that Montalbetti had made fraudulent representations to the department. Was this so slight an offence that the department felt it could pass it over? The fact that Lyon failed to secure a conviction does not place the authorities in any more favorable light.

The Free Press says that the government's critics "unwisely had Montalbetti arrested for perjury."

How does this strike the unprejudiced reader? Should he not have been prosecuted? Should it have been left to a private citizen to make a move in the matter? A great deal has been said about Justice Burbridge finding that Lyon had no equitable claim to the townsite. That has no bearing whatever on the accusation that is brought against the government. As between the two claimants, Lyon's claim was the better one, because Justice Wetmore found that Lyon was "the first building that was placed on the land by any of the parties to the suit with any idea of permanent location or squatting on it." But the fact to bear in mind is not that Lyon had no equitable claim to the townsite but that Montalbetti was found to have no such claim. Lyon's claim was not allowed, so may be passed aside. But Montalbetti was allowed and the patent granted to Mackenzie, to whom Montalbetti had made an assignment of his interest. This is not a personal matter between Lyon and Montalbetti but between Mr. Malcolm Mackenzie M.P.P., supported by the Department of the Interior, on the one side and on the other, the Canadian public whose interests the townsite should have been disposed of after Justice Wetmore and Justice Burbridge had made their respective findings.

It is interesting to note that the Free Press speaks of those who have criticized the Government in this case as "scandal-hunting Conservatives." The Strathcona Plaindealer, the Red Deer Advocate, the Vernon Signal and the Vegreville Observer may thus consider themselves as read out of the Liberal party.

The delegates to the Western Canadian Baptist Association convention have come and gone since the Saturday News last made its appearance. The proceedings were followed with close attention by the general public and the visitors left a decided impression as men of ability and zeal. The reports that were presented showed that the church in the west is in a highly flourishing condition and fully meeting the responsibilities which have been thrust upon it by the development of the country. In connection with church administration, the most important step taken was the decision to co-operate as far as possible with the Church of the Disciples. Wherever the members of the two denominations find it possible to join under one pastor, they are to be encouraged to do so. The move is strictly in accordance with the pres-

lofty ideals, but in bringing daily life more in accord to these.

The difference between practice and precept in connection with church organizations is at times so appalling that the objects which an endeavor is being made to serve are seriously prejudiced. The other day at a meeting of the Anglican Synod in Toronto, Hon. S. H. Blake, had occasion to make some vigorous comments. "He deprecated," according to the Globe report, "the 'mob-like way'" in which the Synod was being carried on, with a noise like what one would expect at an extreme political meeting, and not at an assembly supposed to be led by God's Holy Spirit. He said that it was very distressing and distasteful to him, accustomed, as he was for years, to a court, where all was conducted decently and in order, to

The feeling that exists in the south is drawback enough without placing other obstacles in the way. The result of the imposition of the fee will be that the first convocation will be composed practically exclusively of those who are seeking election to the senate or who desire to further the candidature of someone else.

More is to be heard of the Olds Crossing case. The town council has instructed its clerk to write the Attorney General at Edmonton and the Comptroller of the Mounted Police at Ottawa in regard to the conduct of the detachment of the latter body that participated in the affair. This should have the effect of clearing matters up. The people should know who is responsible for the administration of justice in Alberta. In a self governing province, it should be in the hands of the provincial attorney general's department. The responsibility is with it and it should see to it that no outside power usurps its authority.

Secretary Harrison of the Edmonton Board of Trade is to be congratulated on the excellent booklet entitled "Fifteen minutes with Edmonton, Canada," which has recently been issued. For a busy man nothing could be better and it should prove of the greatest value in publicity work. Those who are desirous of making friends at a distance acquainted with the advantages and prospects of Edmonton should make application for copies of the booklet. Already a large number of requests have been made, amounting to close upon four hundred on the first three days of the present week.

Commissioner Kinnaird's statement on his return from his trip east is reassuring to those who had begun to get panicky over the city's financial condition. The money market has affected it as it has every other municipality and every other individual in Canada. But Mr. Kinnaird has received assurance that all the money that was necessary to meet the most urgent needs of the city would be available. Till the money stringency is relieved, such work that is not absolutely necessary will be postponed. To adopt any other course would be folly. There is no use paying a high price for what we can get for a lower price at a later date.

A welcome bit of information that the Commissioner brought home was to the effect that the new automatic telephones would be in operation by November. A longer delay in securing an improvement in the service would be a great drawback to business. Mr. Kinnaird made investigation at Peterborough to determine what satisfaction the Lorimer phones were giving and found every one pleased with them. He was accompanied to Edmonton by the new chief of police, who assumes his duties immediately.

The Fredericton libel case has ended in what one correspondent very appropriately terms a legal fog. The counsel for Mr. Emerson took objection to certain of Judge Landry's decisions and the action has been laid over for the time being, pending a reference to the full court. But, judging from an interview given by the former minister of railways at Toronto on his way to the Southern States, it looks as if the case had been abandoned altogether.

"I am not troubling about it at all!" said Mr. Emerson to a reporter, "when the court ruled that any paper could publish what it liked about public men, so long as it believed what it published, I decided not to bother. I have no further interest in what they are doing in Fredericton. It is just like butting your head against a stone wall. I wonder if, not so few, but that so many have registered either from the north or the south of Red Deer."

In becoming a member of the first convocation, the university graduate is but performing a public duty. What he has to gain from it is difficult to see. Why should he then have to pay a fee to register? The tax is one for which there is no justification and will stand in the way of giving the institution a fair start,

determining the degree of a man's guilt or innocence in such cases. He set out to defend his reputation by proving to a court of law that he had been libelled. If he abandons that action at this stage, simply because he objects to one of the presiding judge's decisions, the public will merely say that he was afraid to face the music and that the charges were well founded. As to the evidence brought out at the preliminary investigation, it is hard to see how his warmest friends can claim that it was wholly satisfactory so far as vindicating the ex-minister went.

Publishers' Statement.

The publishers of the Saturday News are in receipt of a communication from the solicitors of the Canadian Society of Equity, Ltd., complaining of statements made in two articles that were published in these columns, the first in the issue of the 15th of June and the second in the issue of the 22nd of June, and demanding retraction of the same. The first article consisted of a letter signed by John Mulholland, who described himself as the district organizer of the American Society of Equity. Following this letter appeared some brief comment. The second article consisted of a letter from J. A. Everett, founder and president of the American Society of Equity. No comment was made upon it.

Both letters dealt with what are evidently matters of controversy between the two organizations and as each of these is appealing to the farmers of the province for support, the Saturday News considered that it was in the public interest to give publicity to the statements of the officials of the American organization. It has, however, no desire to wrongfully injure either of the parties to the dispute and if any of the statements that appeared in either of these articles are not founded on fact, it is perfectly willing to retract them. On investigation it finds that one statement made in both letters is not correct. The assertion that the capital stock of the Canadian Society of Equity, Limited, is only \$60,000 is untrue. This was the original amount of stock, but on investigation the Saturday News finds that this has since been increased to \$250,000 and it desires to hereby give the same prominence to this correction as it did to the original statement.

As to the other statements that appeared in the two letters, the Saturday News is not in a position to investigate in regard to their correctness or otherwise. It can only repeat that it desires to do no injustice in the matter and that if the Canadian Society of Equity Ltd. desires to make a rejoinder to any or all of these statements, it shall be given the same prominence in the columns of this paper as were the original letters.

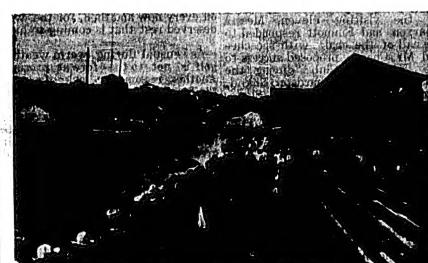
The Delivery Service.

The list of addresses of city subscribers to The Saturday News is still far from complete, and all are urged to forward them at as early a moment as possible.

St. Jean Baptiste Day was most enthusiastically celebrated by the French-Canadians of the district at Morinville last Monday. About three hundred went out from Edmonton. In the morning high mass was celebrated in the open air by Rev. Father Dumas of Lacombe. A choir of Indian girls from Hobbema furnished the music. His Lordship Bishop Legal was among those present. An excellent trade procession was followed by an afternoon of cloquence in the park near by.

The general public is invited to the laying of the cornerstone of the new Y.M.C.A. building on Monday at 11:30 a.m. Mrs. Bulley will perform the ceremony and the Lieutenant Governor will preside.

The Edmonton, Strathcona and Fort Saskatchewan squadrons of the C.M.R. left for the camp at Calgary on Monday. Major Thibaulteau's squadron, which was but lately formed, is in camp at St. Albert.



SOME SCENES AT LAST YEAR'S EXHIBITION.

Everything is practically ready for the opening of the annual Edmonton Exhibition on Monday. On that and the three following days great gathering is expected at the grounds. Last year's success will, everyone is confident, be more than duplicated. The programme of races and amusements is better than ever before, while the educational features have not by means neglected. The visit of Mrs. Fiske, America's most eminent actress, on Tuesday night will serve as a decided inducement to people from a distance to spend full week in the city. Many improvements have been made at the grounds and the best of accommodation will be afforded to the crowds.

find the Synod raising a dust and a noise, as if they were at a baseball game, and one of their side had made a rather good hit."

"Interest in the Northern University" is the heading which the Calgary Albertan places over an article in which attention is called to the fact that outside of Calgary not a half dozen graduates have registered for the first convocation of the provincial institution. That this was the kind of unity for which the Founder of the religious order there can be no doubt.

Resolutions were passed condemning the liquor traffic and declaring that purer political and social life is desirable. Why should it be necessary to pass these? Is it not equivalent to expressing approval by way of resolution of the fundamental Christian teachings? The difficulty is not in securing a profession of

the north or the south of Red Deer.

In becoming a member of the first convocation, the university graduate is but performing a public duty. What he has to gain from it is difficult to see. Why should he then have to pay a fee to register? The tax is one for which there is no justification and will stand in the way of giving the institution a fair start,

to the ridiculous charge that I was ejected from the hotel with two women of ill repute. I am willing to leave it to the public to decide whether or not I am guilty."

The ex-minister would do well not to trust the jury of the public too far. It is not over lenient as a rule in

PERSONALIA

Toronto Saturday Night has the following personal references which is of considerable interest to the West: Since the paragraph appeared on this page last week about Honore Joseph Jaxon, now of Chicago, but formerly a conspicuous figure in the Riel rebellion, three different correspondents have sent in additional and more accurate information concerning him.

The subject, it seems, was born in the town of Wingham, where he was known as Willie Jackson. He has since changed his name to "Honore Joseph Jaxon." He was not a half breed, but was of thorough English blood, his grandfather being his father's father and mother's side being Indian, while his father kept store at Stanley Mills, in Peel county, then at Wingham and later at Prince Albert, in Peel county, where he died. One correspondent tells me that Willie Jackson was a brilliant undergraduate at Toronto University, spending hours in the library, scholarship one or two years." But he left for Western Canada without finishing his course at Varsity. After escaping to Chicago at the close of the rebellion, Jackson made improvements in his name, possibly with the object of making it sound more Frenchy, let his hair grow long and became the "Honore" of many folk. The Welland Telegraph reminds me that when Coxey organized his famous army of unemployed to march on Washington, he gave a post of important command to Jaxon. He has once again attracted attention to himself by writing to President Roosevelt in defence of the miners on trial for murder in Boise City, Idaho.

Another correspondent who signs his letter "Ex-Peeler," tells me that he was brought into contact with Jaxon at the time of the rebellion. He says that Jaxon always impressed strangers with his cleverness, could talk on nearly anything by heart. But he says he never considered him quite sane, even before the rebellion. "When the steamer Northcote came down the river," says this correspondent, "with some of the C. School, she stopped on the south branch about twenty miles from Prince Albert and took us down. We took another boat another, I forgot the name, and the two boats went up to Batoche. Going back we took down the prisoners, Jaxon among them, and I was placed in charge. Jaxon was the dirtiest and grummiest of the lot and gave a good deal of trouble by his crazy antics. He arrested me once. When we got to Batoche four prisoners were placed in each wagon and much to my disgust, Jaxon was given to me and insisted on climbing over the side of the wagon, although chained to another prisoner. By his conduct, he got me so angry that I took a short grip of my rifle and threatened to shoot him if he didn't keep quiet."

Inspector White Frazer, who was in command of the party, overheard my threat and coming up said: "Now! now! that is no way to talk to a prisoner. Take the man quietly and he will go right."

"The inspection soon started to talk to him in a fatherly way. He listened very seriously for some time, then reached out his hand and chanted hats with the officer, placing his own filthy head gear on Frazer's brow.

"The inspector hurried away and left me to handle my prisoners as best I could."

Mr. Harry Gieschutt of Bradford president of the Manufacturers' association, was expected to arrive in Winnipeg on Friday on the first of what is expected to become an annual official tour of visits to the provincial branches of the association; the west numbers four, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. The Winnipeg branch arranged to entertain the president on his arrival at luncheon in the Royal Alexandra hotel.

Major Griesbach has thrown off civic responsibilities for a short interval and is attending the camp of the C.M.R. at Calgary, being a guest in the Edmonton squadron.

Mr. F. H. Kitch, who was for some years a prominent figure in Edmonton newspaper circles, but who has of late been connected with the city engineer's office has left for Ottawa, where he has accepted a responsible position under the surveyor-general. On Saturday evening he was tendered a banquet at the Edmonton Hotel.

Mr. George Harcourt, deputy minister of agriculture, is in Southern Alberta this week in connection with the lectures being given by Mr. H. W. Campbell, the dry farming expert, whom the department has brought over from Nebraska.

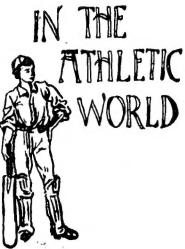
Dr. Barrow, who has practised his profession in Edmonton for some years past, has gone to Fort Smith where he will act as surgeon to the Mounted Police.

Mr. H. W. McKeyn M.P.P., went to Winnipeg on Tuesday.

Among the week's arrivals in Edmonton were J. F. Cameron, W. H. Fisk, of Hunter, N.D., and John Horey, of Archer, N.D.

Dr. George, who has done so much to encourage the study of natural history in Alberta and who is the founder of the Provincial Natural History Society, has decided to move from Innisfail to Red Deer. From the very first, say the Innisfail Province Dr. George sought to identify himself with every movement which tended to the advancement of Innisfail and surrounding district. The Dr. will be missed in many ways but what Innisfail misses Red Deer will gain. There are few more enthusiastic students of natural history in Canada; the natural history collection is large and has been collected with great patience and skill. All who have seen it unite in his opinion that it would make a valuable nucleus for a provincial museum.

The officers elected by the Baptist Association of the West at their recent annual meeting were: President, H. E. Sharpe, Winnipeg; first vice-president, Hon. A. C. Hartford, Strathcona; second vice-president, D. M. McLean, Moose Jaw; third vice-president, Prof. S. J. McKeie, Brandon College; recording secretary, J. P. McIntyre, Winnipeg; treasurer, Mr. S. B. Blackall, Winnipeg; executive board, W. A. McIntyre, V. Finlay, G. F. Stephens, F. Hilton, R. Robertson, C. D. Stovel, R. J. Kennedy, A. A. Shaw, of Winnipeg; Dr. A. P. McDermid, Brandon College; C. S. Burley, Portage la Prairie; M. A. McLean, Portage la Prairie; J. C. Galloway, Lethbridge; Ralph Trotter, and Thos. Upwood, Calgary; W. T. McCormick, Prince Albert; H. J. Millick, Gilolo; A. M. McDonald, Edmonton; R. R. Carey, Yorkton; P. C. Parker, Moosomin; Publication committee—S. B. Blacque, Winnipeg; D. B. Harkness, Winnipeg; Miss M. T. Reekie, Winnipeg; W. A. McIntyre, Winnipeg.



IN THE ATHLETIC WORLD

The opening match of the Edmonton Cricket season took place on Thursday last, 30th June, when the team eleven met the Pine Lake team.

The game was unfortunately marred by the old standbys, but notwithstanding this hindrance put up a good game of cricket.

Captain Richardson won the toss for Edmonton and sent Bertenshaw and Lucas to face the bowling of Messrs Wright and Atter. Bertenshaw, D. Wright and Prest were dismissed by Wright with scores of 10, 10 and 10.

With the advent of Shadie the runs came fast and he hit up a neat 14 before Emmett, who had relieved Atter, upset his stumps.

Lancashire played a hard hitting game and placed 21 runs to his credit before Bowman caught him in the field off Wright. Captain Richardson had a hard time of it, but he hit up a neat 14 before Emmett, who had relieved Atter, upset his stumps.

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NOTES FROM AN IRISHMAN'S
NOTE BOOK.

MY KING.

Where and how shall I earliest greet
him?

What are the snubs that will make him swear?

By what art shall I learn to cheat him?

I know not now, but in love all's fair,

With a face of sunshine smiling upon

Scornful anon, till his pride takes wing;

I shall tell him some day when I have won him

How I cheekmated my king! my King!

I will not dream of him sage and wary;

He that I love must be wild and brave;

I do not say that he need be hairy, Whatever he does, he will surely shave.

And he may be - Willy, or simply William.

Or Old Bill, which is just a between;

But whatever he is, he must make a millions;

And save me alone his Queen, his Queen;

And he must be handsome, he must be scrupulous;

Six feet in stature, the youth I spoon;

But whether his manner be mild or bumptious,

I care no more than the man in the moon;

And I'll give the latch key in my prayer book means;

And when he comes home he won't find me sleeping,

If ever he goes to the - ! the - !

We have all missed Ald. Daly's cheerful countenance from our streets during the past two weeks.

Before a certain council meeting he used frequently to be the animated centre of a corner group, discussing the affairs of the city and upholding the interests of the east end. But those days are gone by, forever.

Eloquence is a dangerous gift, and since in the fervour of his Canadian patriotism he made many discreditable remarks both the press and the tight little island across the sea his life has undergone a profound change.

He started down town the morning after the aforesaid council meeting. But before he had gone two blocks he met an Englishman and he continued to meet them so often and had such lively conversa-

tions with them that they have gotten badly on his nerves.

He couldn't escape them in his ordinary day time haunts. As a result he is now a comparative stranger around those haunts. He can't read a newspaper but he learns what some indignant John Bull thinks of him. Naturally it follows that his dreams are also disturbed.

That is a minor vexation which the captain may be with propriety drawn.

To tell yet the truth, I am very sorry for Mr. Daly but he should have known better. It was a very silly remark for him to make.

It was that of a man who hadn't much to do with public affairs.

There is nothing so dangerous as to attack a whole nation of foolish men. Who, Canada has regular reasons for being touchy.

Where in other parts of the continent, the Irishman is made the butt of the popular joke, his place is taken by the Englishman here, and they have both reason to complain.

The so-called Irish comedian, who was thrown off the stage by indignant Irishmen in Toronto not long ago will be able to enter into Ald. Daly's feelings.

An Englishman remarked the other day to me that Ald. Daly, now that he was in public life, seemed to be feeling his oats. This is quite true—and particularly the oats with which he won the first prize at the World's Fair.

The pals whom Harry Orchard has been giving away have doubtless by this time set him down as a "peach" Orchard.

Everybody's telling an unusually good story this month. It is that of a good Samaritan, who, passing an apartment house—in the small hours of the morning, noticed a man leaning limply against the doorway.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"Drunk,"

"Do you live in this house?"

"Yes."

"Do you want me to help you upstairs?"

"Yes."

With much difficulty he half dragg-

A Special Display OF Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Goods AT Hudson's Bay Stores

We are showing for this week several very special lines in Ladies' Muslin Blouses, Muslin Shirt Waist Suits, Ladies' Jumper Suits, Silk Jumpers, Fancy Wash Collars and Ties.

These goods are all at special prices for the Exhibition week. Many of these ready-made goods are absolutely exclusive designs.

HUDSON'S BAY STORES

ed, half carried the drooping figure up the stairway to the second floor. "What floor do you live on?" he asked. "Is this it?"

"Yep."

Rather than face a late wife who might perhaps take him for a companion more at fault than she, he opened the first door he came to and pushed the limp figure in.

The good Samaritan groped his way downstairs again. As he was passing through the vestibule he was able to make out the dim outline of another man, apparently in a condition similar to the first one.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"Are you drunk, too?"

"Do you live in this house, too?"

"Yep."

"Shall I help you upstairs?"

"Yep." The good Samaritan pushed pulled and carried him to the second floor where the man also said he lived. He opened the same door and pushed him in.

As he again reached the front door he discerned the shadow of a third man, evidently worse off than either of the other two. He was about to approach him when the object of his solicitude jolted out into the street and threw himself into the arms of a passing policeman.

"For heaven's sake, off'er!" he gasped "protect me from that man. He's done nothing all night long but carry me up stairs 'n throw me down th' elevator sha!"

The editor of the Lloydminster Times has received sufficient information to enable him to bring with towns down the C.N.R. passed, to thrust the following on his unsuspecting readers: "Why is Canada like King Alfonso? It has just had its first off spring."

IF PA WAS KING OF SPAIN.

We've got a bran' new baby, too.

An' pa has to keep

Awake at nights until the new

One wants to go to sleep.

It cries, it does! It yells and geraums

With all its might and main.

An' pa says he'd have pleasant

If he was King of Spain.

If he was King of Spain, pa says.

He'd sit upon his throne.

An' folks would tremble in his gaze

An' leave him all alone.

An' he'd have ministers to com.

An' play games for the kid.

An' soldiers to play on the drum.

An' shake up old Madrid.

Why, pa says kings don't have to rise

At 1 o'clock a.m.,

Although the head uneasy lies

In crown or diadem—

But kings are hung their crowns

Nowhere else.

An' tumble off to sleep.

Their royal garments on a chair

Or piled up in a heap.

An' pa says kings don't have to chase

To drug stores in the night

To get some paregoric quick

To set the baby right—

They just walk up to the carl

Or wait the baby's birth in curl

Or tick its little bib.

An' every night, while my pa walks

All alone 'n down the floor.

He talks an' talks an' talks an' talks.

So it makes him sore

Because the common people must

Hope on an' hope in vain.

He'd give a lot, he mutters, just

To be the King of Spain.

Sunny Alberta

A convent will be established in Red Deer. Rev. Father Voisin has left for France for the purpose of bringing out several Sisters who will compose the teaching staff.

A. W. Curtis, a young Englishman employed at W. Pierce, south of Lethbridge, was killed in a runaway accident recently. The unfortunate man had been sent by Mr. Pierce to plow, says the Vegreville Observer. He was not accustomed to farm work and had some difficulty with the tractors and in fixing them became entangled. The horses started before he could extricate himself and he was dragged round a large slough several times. Timidly he had been captured, he was badly bruised all over the body and his leg fractured.

The suffering man was brought to the Rolland M. Boswell Hospital for treatment, but in spite of the efforts of Drs. Rush and Field he expired early Sunday morning. Loss of blood and the severe nervous shock were the cause of death.

The C.N.R. townsite surveyor is in Vermilion making additions to the present survey. He will lay out the new blocks in the east end, including that purchased for the school, and the remaining blocks west of the church of England. The frontage overlooking the valley in Vermilion street will also be surveyed into lots.

Wild cat hunting is a new accomplishment for the young ladies of Western Canada and the province of Alberta. This is the first year that the young ladies of this province have had an opportunity of making themselves efficient in this sport. A correspondent of the Calgary Albertan writes that Miss Ida Furr, while riding near Langdon recently, succeeded in roping a big cat and killed it. He says that the cat jumped about 10 feet in the air when it first felt the rope, but the young lady managed to hold it. A couple of days later she shot another big cat. The Medicine Hat News reports that Miss Freda Schmelzer shot a monster lynx on Sunday afternoon at her father's ranch a few miles out from the city. From her bedroom window she observed the lynx stalking the domestic flock of ducks and she immediately seized a shot gun and started the lynx with such good effect that she bowed it over with one shot.

Fourteen freight cars were wrecked on the Crow's Nest line near Lunderbrook on Tuesday of last week.

A. F. A. Notes.

A special meeting of the Strathcona branch of the A.F.A. was held on Saturday evening for the purpose of hearing Mr. Fletcher, president of the Central body, give an outline of his experience. There was a good representation of members present. Some additional orders for twine were taken. The administration of public funds in regard to road expenditure was gone into at length, and the present system of government was condemned by several speakers. It was decided to have a resolution brought before the A.F.A. Convention to bring before the provincial government the question of a general reform to the local improvement system.

Mr. Fletcher was then called upon for an address. He referred to a plan of statement relative to his Old Country trip. His primary object was the promotion of the Canadian West Commercial Co., Ltd. To assist in the expense of the undertaking he had engaged to do some work for the Dominion Immigration Department in Ireland. The report of that work he had sent in due form to Ottawa. He incidentally had done some work on behalf of the Association and the farmers generally, but the association had not been charged with any share in his expenses. In Manchester and in London he found the people taking a very lively interest in Western Canadian affairs. Mr. Fletcher is preparing an extended report of his work in the Old Country which will be published shortly in the columns of the Saturday News.

The Strathcona branch has decided to hold a basket picnic on July 16th at 11 a.m. on R. Sheppard's farm on the Wye Road, 1 1/2 miles east of Strathcona. Other branches are invited to unite with this branch and have a good time.

Sheppard Spur on the C.N.R. will be in shape in a few days, and any farmer having grain to ship, should see Secretary Sheppard at once. A grain company will be established and a grain elevating station is provided with bins and scales for weighing, and grain can be shot direct into the cars from the bin. All farmers remember the picnic on July 16th and make a point to have a good time. All will be welcome members or not; but we shall hope to make you members before you leave. Rice Shepard, Sec. Treas.

Farmers can take no greater mistake than to neglect insuring their crops against hail. It costs no more to insure for the whole season than for a part of it and while the month of June is not usually looked upon as a month of danger, yet as reports from Manitoba and Saskatchewan indicate, hail storms do sometimes occur in June. Farmers should be on the lookout for hail in this month, generally recover to a very large extent, in late seasons such as the present one they are slow

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The Investor

Toronto Saturday Night in last week's issue had the following decidedly interesting remarks to make on the money situation: "The present money situation is no relief in point of stringency, and funds are even more difficult to get than at any former period. The banks really cannot supply their regular customers, and the outlook at present is that this state of things is likely to continue all summer. It was predicted some time ago that June and July would see an improvement, but there is no let up in the demand even in this hot spell of weather. Just what situation the banks are in may be gathered from the fact that since the beginning of the year according to a leading banker, there has been a reduction of about \$16,000,000 in deposits while loans have increased by \$30,000,000, which means that there has been \$5,000,000 which banks have been obliged to provide. If there are many failures before next fall it will be due very largely to over prosperity, the banks not being able to attend to the requirements of manufacturers and merchants."

The tightness of money is being felt in Hamilton. It is stated that that city is unable to place half a million of debentures on the market, and in consequence is obliged to negotiate a temporary loan in the Old Country. The statement is also made that one of the banks has had to refuse a \$150,000 loan because of insufficient collateral. The immense sum being spent by the railways, and the fact that loans to manufacturers have doubled in four years, are assigned as the chief reasons for the money stringency. Unless relief comes soon by the entrance of foreign capital, it is predicted that many small business concerns throughout the country will be forced to the wall.

In the big centres the tendency is towards higher rates for money. The exports of gold from New York since the present movement began now amount to about \$15,000,000, but these are expected to continue further as finance bills for grain and cotton exports are likely to be negotiated before long. Another reason for the firmer rates for money in New York is due to preparations for the July disbursements of interest and dividends. Bank reserves are also low for this time of year. The last report of the United States National Banks, May 20, gave loans and discounts at \$4,631,000,000, or an increase of \$425,000,000 over the corresponding date of a year ago. Deposits and cash holdings show a satisfactory gain, nevertheless the expansion in loans must be considered excessive. Abroad the money situation is also somewhat unsatisfactory owing to the great demand for new capital.

In the course of an interview at Ottawa, Mr. F. T. Congdon, the governor of the Yukon, said: "I think the Yukon is a finer agricultural land than Scotland. When I first went to Dawson not a blade of grass could be seen, now you find better farms for vegetables, hay and oats and so forth here in the east. No one could believe it." Our summers are delightful, our springs also; our falls fine, our winters healthy. People here do not realize that the Northwest affords great prospects as the West. My idea is that within the next few years steamers will be running to hotels by the Arctic ocean, for people who want to go to the north. One thousand miles north in the country offers scope for agriculture, mining and an enormous variety of pastures."

The majority of people will be inclined to smile and say Mr. Congdon either as an ill-formed child or a simpleton. But it should be remembered that fifteen and twenty years ago they smiled when they were told that what is now Alberta would some day sustain a large population. Read the article which appears in another column of this issue of THE SATURDAY NEWS on the passing of the steel rail. This is the day the discovery of the gold fields of the Yukon have done more than add to the world's

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A welcome development in connection with Edmonton cricket is the arranging of games between local teams. Last Saturday the Edmonton team played a ten wicket game from the gold cup winning by 144 to 51. A game between the Yorkshiremen and one with a team composed of old boys and of Upper Canada College, Toronto, and Trinity College School, Port Hope, are in prospect.

WILLIAM J. BURNS, DETECTIVE

The Man Who Brought the Boss and the Mayor of San Francisco to Justice.

One of the really great detectives of America, William J. Burns, was engaged on the San Francisco case, which has resulted in the conviction of Mayor James D. Rolph. While he was engaged in the United States service, he made a great reputation for himself, and for some years past has given himself up to special work of this character.

Burns is a physical antithesis of what the world has come to regard as the best of detectives. He is short, dark, with a ruddy complexion, mysterious, of mind, not cold of manner. His face is round and he wears a thick moustache, curling at the ends. His double chin is in keeping with his rather stocky frame and his naturally curly hair gives a general soft expression to his features which remind one more of the man of the world than of any other type. But it needs only a brief interview with Burns to satisfy one's self as to the ability of the man, and to be thoroughly convinced that he knows his job from the beginning to the end.

Although there was never any question of the corruption and graft of the Ruef leadership, there was the grave doubt that sufficient evidence could be found to incriminate the bribers and the bribed. Ruef's high hand was wielded under the guise of an attorney ship. Nearly every corporation depending upon municipal charter for its existence was represented by Ruef and his associates as their lawyer, and the records showed that the fees paid to the supervisors that the fees paid to the supervisors who controlled the franchises were given personally to Ruef for professional services.

Soon after Burns put his probe into the municipal mess he discovered that the French restaurants had been used to collect information of Ruef and Schmitz. These two cases were used as an entering wedge and Burns, fortified with corroborating facts, went after the supervisors. He put his own chauffeur in Ruef's automobile, he put men in city jobs, he even used his assistants to undermine the "tenderfeet," as Ruef called them, and to talk to the tribal superintendents.

One night a wine soaked city father forgot to hold his tongue, and the next day Burns had what he wanted, not evidence in the extortions cases, which were primarily brought to harass Schmitz and Ruef, but a statement that wholesale bribery had been committed, and that the supervisors got their share as well as Schmitz and Ruef.

The third degree process was then brought into play. Ruef, showing panic, tried to hide himself in a road resort and gave the courts the excuse to put under surveillance and arrest him as a person of interest. Burns counseled that Ruef be kept apart from Schmitz and the supervisors. The latter were visited by men of the Burns persuasion, and every few days they were put upon a grill of apprehension with the intimation that Ruef had been offered immunity if he would "peach" on Schmitz and the city fathers. Ruef couldn't communicate with his hoodlums, and the "stand pat" messages that reached the supervisors indirectly were finally unheeded, and they broke down, running to cover like a pack of sheep. It was Burns' plan, and it worked as he had planned.

Ruef was the next. Burns was waiting there and Ruef was in his attachment to Ruef. When the boss waked in the morning a Burns guard was peering into his eyes. When he slept he was watched by a Burns argus that never winked. He was told of evidence that was plausible enough to a strong man. Ruef awakened by his enforced imprisonment now forced him an endless series of commanding questions. Burns never "let up." At first Ruef laughed at the detective. Within a fortnight he was as serious minded as a priest, and within two months his nerve had gone completely. Then came the drivelling confession in part.

Burns left Schmitz alone, because he felt that Ruef to testify he could convict the Mayor of all the crimes charged against him. The evidence against the millionaires consists, as far as is known, of statements made by the supervisors and Ruef in the confessional.

California expressly holds that the testimony of an accomplice is not conclusive. Ruef in his confession said that Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railroads, telegraphed from New York to let go the money which was paid to the supervisors. There is much concern about the legal arguments, and a matter of conjecture whether or not the records of Burns have them in his possession, if they ever did exist. What corroborative evidence the prosecution intends to offer is unknown. The millionaires say that it is not any, and Burns keeps a "stiff lip" when asked about it.

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This property has very beautiful river views and has a continuation of Saskatchewan Avenue, 100 feet wide, on the high river bank, which will be one of the most beautiful drives to be found anywhere.

Grand View Heights will, without a question of a doubt, be the swell residential property of the University city, and command a very high price before very long.

Beautiful lots for only \$100, and only 1/4 cash; balance in 3, 6, 9 and 12 months.

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12 QUEENS AVENUE

**Albertans Should Consume Albertan Products**Mr. Barker's Comment on Some Facts Brought Out
Before the Commission.

Mr. E. N. Barker, Cardston, writes: "If we consider that evidence given at Cardston goes to show that meat is bought by local butchers at \$45 a head, a price a little over that paid by big dealers for export cattle, and that these local butchers kill and dress, making a profit of \$12 or more, then it has been sold for double and triple the Canadian prices, for most cuts down east, then there must be a considerable sum, over the price received by the rancher, to be divided among the dealers after the beef leaves the hands of the producers. In fact the greatest producer does not receive the price paid for the carcass of pork, which seems odd that pork can be easily raised and hogs go down to 4 cents per lb., or nothing at all, that Chicago bacon and ham can still come in by car load, and be sold at 18 cents wholesale. The local trade in dressed pork seems to be in some disrepute, in some instances, blocked from the small raiser or medium sized shippers. Dressed pork sent from Cardston has in most cases arrived at point of destination in a decomposed or partly decomposed state. At the enquiry at Cardston one shipper, R. W. Reeder, recently wished to sell some very fresh bridge but was told, though there was a daily mixed train, that no cars was going down that day but he could express this meat, which he did, and express rates are high.

It is evident that packing plants of some kind are needed to take care of a surplus when it arrives here. Will somebody tell us why a farmer should be obliged to sell his

that is coming into the country and using up what should stay here and multiply. Going on by present methods means that we make some money by advertising the country and bringing in settlers, then we send his money away to import home products and feed them at great cost, while we are sending out Albertans soon bankrupt himself and we are living in a fool's paradise. The dorkie says, "The proof of the pudding is in the eatin' not in the chawin' ob string." But, in Alberta, we prefer to chaw the string."

Mr. Reeder in his evidence before the commission seemed to think a Farmers' Co-operative plant would be better than a government plant. However, the man of public opinion that packing plants are needed and it is up to some ingenious individual to perfect the best plan. Though our home grown pig meat sells for less than foreign pig meat our butchers declare that the home product is not good enough foreign. If the foreign must be discarded especially at a higher price. A little public spirit would do a lot for it was patriotism that kept the American Tobacco Trust out of England, the patriotism of the small man, of Tom, Dick or Harry or the public. Having no patriotism except the division of the country. Why should not a patriotic Albertan insist on eating Alberta raised meat instead of trying to enlarge Chicago.

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Capital Paid Up - \$1,200,000
Reserve Fund - \$20,000

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Capt. Wm. Robinson, Vice-President
Alan J. Adamson, M.P.
James H. Ashdown John A. McDougall
D. C. Cameron Frederic Nation
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Hon. W. H. Montague Fred. W. Stobart
J. W. deC. O'Grady, General Manager

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NET SURPLUS—\$275,867, an increase of \$87,437*

RESERVES—\$2,461,836, an increase of \$397,737*

* The Largest Increases in the Company's History

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at current rates of Interest**NO DELAY**Mortgages and School Debentures
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edmonton allied arts council



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dowed with an abundance of optimism and a great deal of pleasure. Shortly after, Professor Macoun made his first forecast the period of stock rising was inaugurated, and a remarkable period it was. It had not lasted as long as was expected. The ranch has given way to the farm and over large areas the farms will be of moderate acreage and population will be more dense. The great irrigation projects of the Canadian Pacific and those being carried on by other companies, as well as by private individuals, will change the whole character of southern Alberta, where the great stock ranges were

had on D. Dunn of this city. If he had on D. Dunn of this city. If he had on his own living as he is sober and industrious.

To assist him in purchasing artificial limbs subscriptions will be received at the office of the Journal, the Bulletin, The Saturday News and the Alberta Herald.

A. M. Marden, a well-known resident of Pincher Creek district for 26 years past was drowned on Friday night while crossing the creek on his own private footbridge to his home. His body was found about a mile down stream.



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Pipe Clay

WHITE CANVAS SHOES can be made to appear a snowy white by applying "Blanco" or "Pipe Clay." You can procure these requisites at the King Edward Pharmacy neatly prepared in cakes of convenient sizes. The cost is but a trifle.

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Geo. H. Graydon

Chemist and Druggist

King Edward Pharmacy

The Investor

Toronto Saturday Night in last week's issue had the following decidedly interesting remarks to make on the money situation: "The lack of money in Canada has had no relief in point of stringency, and funds are even more difficult to get than at any former period. The banks really cannot supply their regular customers, and the outlook at present is that this state of things is likely to continue all summer. It was predicted some time ago that July would see a greater money market, but there is no let up in the demand even in this hot spell of weather. Just what situation the banks are in may be gathered from the fact that since the beginning of the year, according to a leading banker, there has been a reduction of about \$16,000,000 in deposits with him, and he has increased fully \$38,000,000, which means that there has been \$54,000,000 which banks have been obliged to provide. If there are many failures before next fall it will be due very largely to over-prosperity, the banks not being able to attend to the requirements of manufacturers and merchants."

The tightness of money is being felt in Hamilton. It is stated that the city is unable to place half a million of debentures on the market, and in consequence is obliged to negotiate a temporary loan in the Old Country. The statement is also made that one of the banks had to raise about \$150,000 loans at 10 percent on gold-eigal collateral. The immense sum being spent by the railways, and the fact that loans to manufacturers have doubled in four years, are assigned as the chief reasons for the money stringency. Unless relief comes soon, it is predicted that many small business concerns throughout the country will be forced to the wall.

In the big centres the tendency is towards higher rates for money. The exports of gold from New York since the present money market began have amounted to \$15,000,000, but these exports are not likely to go much further, as finance bills for grain and cotton exports are likely to be negotiated before long. Another reason for the firmer rates for money in New York is due to preparations for the July disbursements of interest and dividends, which were also due for this time of year. The last statement of the United States National Banks, May 20, gave loans and discounts at \$4,631,000,000, or an increase of \$425,000,000 over the corresponding date of a year ago. Deposits and cash holdings show a satisfactory gain, nevertheless the expansion in loan markets is considered excessive. Abroad the money situation is also somewhat unsatisfactory owing to the great demand for new capital.

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The Saturday News is the official organization of the Alberta Farmers' Association, but the latter is only responsible for the views which are expressed in the department of the paper. While the publication is thoroughly in sympathy with the objects of the A.F.A., it is manifestly unfair to ascribe opinions which are expressed in other parts of the paper, dealing with the most part with matters which have no direct connection with agriculture, to which would reasonably be expected to give rise to controversy, either to the officers or to the members of the Association.

OBJECTS OF THE A. F. A.
(Extract from the constitution of the Alberta Farmers' Association.)
This Association is not a political organisation nor does it purpose endorsing the policy of any political party or candidate or the object of any politician and the object of the Association shall be—

- (1) To forward the interests of the producers of grain and live stock in every honorable and legitimate way.
- (2) To hold meetings for the discussion of subjects pertaining to the production of grain and live stock, and the best means of marketing the same.
- (3) To encourage the production of superior varieties of grain, and the breeding and rearing of improved stock.
- (4) To encourage the establishment of industries which will give the producer greater facilities for marketing his produce.
- (5) To obtain by united effort profitable and equitable prices for farm produce.
- (6) To watch legislation relating to the farmers' interests, particularly that affecting the marketing and transportation of farm produce.
- (7) To suggest to Parliament from time to time as it is found necessary through duly appointed delegates, the passing of any new legislation to meet changing conditions and requirements.

The officers of the A.F.A. are as follows:

President Joshua Fletcher; Vice-President, Thomas H. Woolford, Cardston; Secretary - treasurer, W. F. Stevens; Clover Bar; Directors: George A. Ball, Strathcona; Rice Sheppard, Strathcona; Henry Jackson, Red Deer; George McDonald, Olds; T. W. Harris, Raymond; E. N. Barker, Cardston.

Freight rates per bushel on wheat, oats and barley from the following points to Fort William and Port Arthur.

Via C.N.R.—

From	Wheat	Oats	Barley
Edmonton	15.00	8.50	12.00
Saskatchewan	14.40	8.16	11.52
Vermilion	15.60	8.84	12.48

Via C.P.R.—

From	Wheat	Oats	Barley
Edmonton	15.00	8.5	12.00
Winnipeg	14.4	8.16	11.52
Calgary	14.4	8.5	12.00
Okotoks	15.00	8.84	12.48
Macleod	14.4	8.5	12.00
Piner Creek	15.00	8.84	12.48
Lethbridge	13.8	8.16	11.52
Raymond	17.4	10.2	14.4
Cardston	18.0	10.64	14.48
Clayton	15.00	8.84	12.48
High River	15.00	8.84	12.48
Stettler	16.20	9.16	12.96
Dayland	16.20	9.18	12.96

The terminal elevators charge 1 cent per bushel for elevating and cleaning, including the first 15 days storage, and 2 cent per bushel for storage during each succeeding 30 days or part thereof.

The rule of the trade is that the shipper shall deduct 1 cent per day storage, that is to say, if he sells his product within ten days of its entry into storage, the buyer pays the storage, after that time the storage is paid by the shipper. The additional charges are forty cents, and twenty five cents, respectively, per cent for grading and weighing. When advanced money has been paid, the rate of 6 per cent on these advances from the time they are made until sale is effected on behalf of the shippers.

Files get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for piles and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel-enclosed jars 50 cents. Sold by Archibald's Drug Store.

Albertans Should Consume Albertan Products

Mr. Barker's Comment on Some Facts Brought Out Before the Commission.

Mr. E. N. Barker, Cardston, writes: "If we consider that evidence given at Cardston goes to show that a head of beef is bought at \$45 a head, a price a little over that paid by big dealers for export cattle, and that these local butchers kill and dress, making a profit of \$12 or more, then when beef is sold for double, and treble the Cardston prices, for most cuts down east, then there must be a great waste of meat, which is primarily caused by the butcher, to be divided among the dealers after the beef leaves the hands of the producers. In fact the greatest profit does not accrue to the producer. In the case of pork it seems odd that pork can be easily raised here and pigs go down to 4 cents per lb., or less, at market in Chicago, and human beings can stand up in the car load and be sold at 18 cents wholesale. The local trade in dressed pork seems to be in some definable, and in some indefinable ways, blocked from the small raiser or medium sized shipper. Dressed pork sent from Cardston has in most cases arrived at market heavily damaged in a decomposed or partly decomposed state. At the enquiry at Cardston one shipper, R. W. Recder, recently wished to send some veal to Lethbridge but was told, though there was a daily mixed train, that no cars were going down that day but he could express this meat which he had in his possession.

It is evident that packing plants of some kind are needed to take care of a surplus when it arrives, and at present our resources are standing idle, and money that is made is going to a foreign country to buy what we have at home in order that we should have what we need in money that we should bring in for products that we can raise. So our loss is a double loss and we are spending capital to live instead of living on the interest and making money to draw more interest.

Mutton is altogether too scarce in Alberta, and the old range idea, that the country is fenced in and mostly owned private, is still prevalent that sheep should not be allowed to live in a stock country.

Without packing houses we are throwing away our second and third grade cattle, paying freight on an article that sells for little, and trying to compete in getting the market something buyers do not want in that form. If we do not use up what nature has given us, and continue to pay other countries for what we ought to raise at home, we are burning the candle at both ends, living on capital

the effect of this will be far reaching. It will increase the value of the stock ranges of British Columbia, but it will also have a tendency to increase the business of stock raising as a branch of farming. The market with 160 acres of land in Western Canada will open up a new market for beef cattle closed to him, for the reason that the owners of the ranches controlled the supply to such an extent that the small operator could hardly call himself "in the business." This will be changed. More beef cattle will be raised on farms. This will mean that farms will be put up on account of feeding. With the stock ranch on the prairies will pass away the cowboy and other picturesque features of life there. Of course, there are yet thousands of cattle on ranges in Alberta and Saskatchewan and there will be for years to come, but the closing out of the cattle ranches mentioned above is conclusive evidence that a great change is in progress.

Passing of the Stock Ranch

The Victoria Colonist recently had a letter from Mr. A. A. Head in which he said: "I am pleased to day (June 1) to sell of the entire herd of cattle belonging to the New Waldron Ranch Company, one of the first established ranches in Alberta. They are driven out on account of the great influx of settlers. The sale represents over 10,000 head and involves over a quarter of a million dollars. I sold out the New Waldron ranch some time ago, with this sale the end of two of the first established ranches." This is a very interesting piece of information and marks an era in the history of Central Canada, which is now entering upon its third stage, says the Colonist. For years it was supposed that the plains of Alberta were useless for any of the purposes of civilization. Professor Macleod, in his evidence given before Senator Shultz's committee of the senate in 1888, said that on a previous occasion he had been examined before a committee of the House of Commons, and when he stated that the region now being colonized in Alberta would one day support thousands of cattle, he was regarded as a visionary thing got up by a lot of amiable gentlemen endowed with an abundance of optimism and a great deal of leisure. Shortly after Professor Macleod made his forecast the price of stock among the Indians increased, and the period in which he was right was not long as was expected. The ranch has given way to the farm and over large areas the farms will be of moderate acre and the population consequently dense. The great irrigation projects of the Canadian Pacific and those being carried out by other individuals, as well as by various individuals, will change the whole character of southern Alberta, where the great stock ranges were.

A Deserving Case.

The attention of the public is drawn to the case of a man now in the Misericordia Hospital at Edmonton. About a year ago Henry Opfer came to Canada from North Dakota and located on a homestead five and a half miles from Munro, Alta. During the severe weather last winter he became ill and unable to move, both of his feet frozen, and he was brought to the Hospital in Edmonton where both limbs were amputated below the knee. He has now been in the Hospital about five months and has recovered sufficiently to be able to leave. His legs are prevented from leaving the Hospital. He has no money and is in a difficult position. He has no friends in this country and is not a member of any fraternal society. Since coming to the hospital he has been attended by Doctor Harry R. Smith and Doctor D.J. Dunn of this city. If he had artificial limbs he would be able to earn his own living as he is sober and industrious.

Those interested in purchasing artificial limb subscriptions will be received at the office of the Journal, the Tribune, the Saturday News and the Alberta Herald.

A. Marden, a well-known resident of Pincher Creek district for 26 years past was drowned on Friday night while crossing the creek on his own private footbridge to his home. His body was found about a mile down stream.

... THE ...

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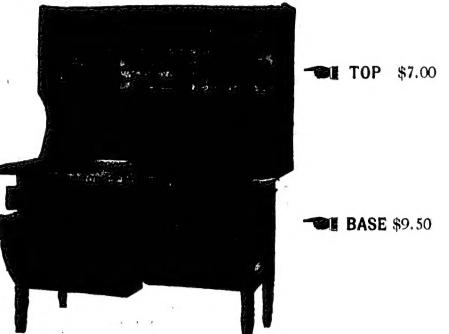
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THE NEWS PUBLISHING CO.
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SATURDAY, JUNE 29th

THE WEEK IN CALGARY

The New Aldermen—More Interest in Men than in Schemes—The C.P.R.'s Palatial Station—The Sunday Holiday Possibilities—City's Sanitary Condition—The Esperanto Club—The Mysterious McNeil and the Real Estate Situation.

Inspector Duffus's management of the Fushimi reception is still a live topic around town. He has only himself to blame for the opinion in which he is held. The day after the "doings" a reporter waited upon the inspector and in a gentle manner asked him for his side of the story. With lordly contempt came the probable reply: "I have nothing to say. The reporters of Calgary are only a lot of dirty rags."

Quite properly, he was going to speak to him then, and is still getting it. It is not the first insult he has handed to the press of Calgary. Added to the indignity offered by the city engineer and the high-handed conduct at Olds, the inspector has made himself about as unpopular as anyone would care to be.

The new aldermen, Messrs. Robinson and Stuart, at least stand for a moral city. It remains to be seen whether they have the other requirements for the positions they occupy.

Calgary, like any other city, spends yearly immense sums of money. The men entrusted with the spending thereof should be selected with the greatest care, and should be men of horizon.

The man who for selfish interests will block a scheme which would be for the best interests of the city at large should not occupy a seat at the council board of any municipality. One of the new aldermen has already given evidence of narrowness of vision. He is opposed, he says, to a good and economic scheme of putting a street in the center of the town because such widening would injure a building which he names. Said building is worth about \$5,000!

It is worthy of note that men are confessed to be of more interest to the public than the schemes they evolve, however great. The city at large polled 289 votes for a \$355,800 by-law. Only a week or two later one ward polled 306 votes in an aldermanic by-election.

The plans for the new C.P.R. station indicate great faith in Calgary's future. The structure will cost \$200,000 or more and will be a handsome, commodious and well finished building. The convenience of the travel of the public has been fully considered. It is to be hoped the new station promises to be worthy of the city, the province and the railway.

The Canadian Pacific has assuredly a great future in Calgary. The city feeds the system in the most natural way. The station is the center of the town, and will remain so regardless of the number of passengers. The Canadian Pacific will always be Calgary's greatest railway. It is natural that it should be so. Nobody forgets that the Canadian Pacific made Canada what it is.

Out of seventy five university graduates who have registered for the first convocation of the University of Alberta, Calgary supplies

but seventeen. Edmonton has thirty seven. It is quite obvious that a great many alumni have either overlooked the importance of the matter or are very careless about registering. It is a duty which every university graduate owes to the community which gave what assistance he can in guiding the educational affairs of the district in which he lives.

The Alpine Club have apparently a very good time ahead of them. The camping place seems this year to have been selected with special care. It is being conducted in some of the grandest scenery in the world is assured those in attendance this year, and an exceptionally large number will be in camp to enjoy it.

The weekly half holiday is in serious danger of not materializing this year. The trouble lies with the managers of the hotel who are demoralizing their business to close down in the middle of the week. There is reason in their contention. They suggest a holiday Saturday afternoon. The attitude of some of the retailers in regard to this suggestion is somewhat surprising, and worthy of the greatest praise, and they are willing to have the holiday then, though it would break into their best day.

Saturday, of course, is the best time of the week for the holiday to come if it can be arranged. The suggestion is to have the stores open on Friday evening, and close early on Saturday. An opportunity for a real rest or outing would thus be given.

The collapse of the civic cemetery is lamentable, but was not an accident. The life of the grates was known, yet the crematory was kept going to the limit of its capacity without any provision being made for the wearing of the fittings. As a consequence the scavenging department of the city has been demoralized for a longer period than anyone cares to figure upon.

A false economy prevails in regard to the city's sanitary condition. This has been pointed out more than once, and it has been made to brace the system up. The result has been partially successful, and very commendable considering the difficulties encountered. But a much larger appropriation is needed for the purpose than had been made.

The sanitary department must be given a chance to no use trying to run it as if Calgary were still a crossroads village. The rapid increase of population demands a constant advance in the equipment of departments. And above all others, the sanitary must not be neglected.

The waterworks committee are having an interesting time over the question of rates. It is impossible to reduce them since it is necessary to meet the frontage tax, which affects vacant lots as well as property on which houses have been erected.

Said tax is a move in the right direction and other steps along the same pathway will be received with approval. If land is to be held for speculative purposes, to the detriment of surrounding property, surely heightening the value, it certainly pay a fair share of the city's expenses, along with the citizen who improves his property and is taxed for these improvements.

Weekly bank clearings continue to tell a sorry story of Calgary's developments. An increase this year of from forty to fifty per cent over last is the average.

The forming of an Esperanto Club in the city is a pleasant little feature, but of no significance beyond the fact that out here in the west people are beginning to find time for amusement. The world doesn't want any new languages. Babel gave us enough, in all conscience. Esperanto may be a cinch, but after we've learned it, what's left? We're in a dear old complex English tongue we are not going to give it all up and talk this "faultily faultless, icily regular, splendidly nill" Esperanto. It may be very nice, but English for us, nevertheless.

Calgary's baseball team is traveling the rocky road, but pastures green lie ahead. Infield and outfield

are playing good ball, the team is hitting well, and with another good pitcher the other league teams will have to sit up and take notice. As it is, the fellow heroes have to work for all they get, every game they play.

A mysterious Mr. McNeil has enveloped the real estate situation somewhat, or at least relieved the monotony thereof for a time. A very plausible gentleman, presenting high credentials, he succeeded in inducing a real estate agent to go into the business of selling the best building properties in the city. He was going to do great things for Calgary, and was the talk of the town. But an unpaid hotel bill and a number of options, on which the agent can't realize, are the memories he has left behind him. It is evidently a good policy to insist on these places, gentlemen showing down before the handing over the keys to the safe.

The inauguration of street delivery marks an epoch in Calgary's history and in that of Alberta. Calgary is the first city in either Alberta or Saskatchewan to receive the service of letter carriers. The convenience, of course, is a great one, and already it is taken as a matter of course.

In the development of any city there will be errors both negative and positive, but once more let it be said that any city is in grave danger of being destroyed if it fails to fall into evil ways when the dwellers therein do not devote themselves with reasonable care to civic affairs.

The fast local express between Winnipeg and Calgary which is being agitated for is a necessity in the minds of the public at the present time. The C.P.R. and the W.C.R. can see it that way or not is another question. But it is not unlikely that they will take action very soon in this direction.

The value of this as an index to the development of the west is of course exceeding great. It makes a fact apparent that all the west is becoming in a measure independent of the east. There is a population great enough to support its own passenger service, and there is a freight movement sufficiently great to no longer need to rely upon and wait for the traffic from the east.

A. F. A. Notes

(Continued from page 3)

In running and in much greater danger from frost than those which have not been haled. The old com. plaint about payment being uncertain can no longer be made, because the government has during its management of the hall business made liberal allowance for all damages.

The farmers are asking the government to make a small compensation on their behalf and one of the best ways in which to induce the government to comply with these requests is to give a loyal support to those enterprises, which it has already undertaken. Let all farmers insure without delay.

Some misapprehension has arisen regarding two gatherings to be held in the near future.

A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ALBERTA FARMERS' ASSOCIATION, THAT IS THE CENTRAL BODY, WILL BE HELD IN THE FIRE HALL, STRATHCONA, ON JULY 3RD, AT 6 P.M.

A MEETING OF THE DELEGATES FROM THE LOCALS SURROUNDING EDMONTON WILL BE HELD AT 2 P.M. ON JULY 13TH IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, EDMONTON. NO DISCUSSIONS WHATSOEVER WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BEEF COMMITTEE.

Deepest sympathy will be extended by members of the A.F.A. to Mr. F. Stevens, the able and energetic secretary on the bereavement sustained by him this week in the loss of his infant daughter.

EDMONTON MARKETS

The local grain markets are ruling quiet with receipts small. Coarse grains are in good demand, oats at market at 30 cents per bushel on market.

Elevator prices.

No. 1 Nor wheat, 63¢ per bushel; No. 2, Nor wheat, 60¢ per bushel; No. 3, Nor wheat, 57¢ per bushel; lower grades, 40¢ to 50¢ per bushel; No. 2 white oats, 25¢ per bushel; No. 3 white oats, 29¢ per bushel; Feed barley, 30¢ to 33¢ per bushel; barley, 35¢ to 40¢ per bushel; No. N.W. Flax, \$1.00 per bushel.

HAY.

Receipts of hay are more liberal with an easier tone to prices. Several loads of new hay have been brought in, as receipts become more liberal there is likely to be further declines in prices.

Railway prices about as follows:

Baled Hay, one lot, \$12 to \$15 per ton.

Upland, \$16 to \$18 per ton.

Timothy \$15 to \$22 per ton.

By the load on market square—Slough, \$10 to \$16 per ton.

Upland, \$12 to \$20 per ton.

Timothy, \$18 to \$24 per ton.

Sheave Oats, \$8 to \$12 per ton.

Straw, \$5.00 to \$6 per load.

Baled straw, \$10.00 ton.

Coal, \$4.50 to \$5 per ton.

Flour, Retail.

Best patent \$2.60 to \$3.00 per cwt.

Strong bakers, \$2.00 per cwt.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Receipts of butter and eggs are becoming more liberal causing a lower range of prices.

Prices quoted are average prices being paid to farmers in quantities

Eggs.

Strictly fresh, 18¢ to 20¢ per dozen.

Butter.

Fancy dairy, 1 pound prints, 18 to 20 cents per pound.

Good to choice dairy, 15 to 18 cents per pound.

Dairy in crocks and tubs, 12 to 15 cents per pound, creamy butter 25 to 30 cents per pound. Old butter, slow sale.

Potatoes.

Good potatoes selling around 40 cents per bushel.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of hogs are becoming more liberal with a tendency toward

a slightly lower range of values.

Cattle, live weight—Steers, 4 1/2¢

per pound; Cows, 4¢ per pound;

dressed, 7 to 7 1/2¢ per pound.

Live hogs, heavy, 5 1/2 to 6 3/4¢ per

pound; light and medium, 6 to

6 1/2¢ per pound.

Live sheep, 1 1/2¢ per pound. Veal

calf, live weight, 5¢ to 6¢ per

pound.

Old hens, live, 10 to 11 cents per

ounce.

Old hens, dressed, 9¢ to 14 cents per

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The value of this as an index to the development of the west is of course exceeding great. It makes the fact apparent to all that the west is becoming in a measure, independent of the east. There is a population great enough to support its own passenger service, and there is front movement sufficiently great to no longer need to rely upon and wait for the traffic from the east.

The sanitary department must be given a chance. It is no use trying to make it as if Calgary were still a crossroads village. The rapid increase of population demands a constant advance in the equipment of departments. And above all others, the sanitary must not be neglected.

The waterworks committee are having an interesting time over the question of rates. It is possible to reduce them somewhat because of the frontage tax, which affects vacant lots as well as property on which houses have been erected.

Said tax is a move in the right direction, and other steps along the same line may be taken with apprehension. If land is to be held for speculative purposes, to the detriment of surrounding property, the party benefiting thereby should certainly pay a fair share of the city's expenses, along with the citizen who improves his property and is taxed for these improvements.

Wealthy bank clerks continue to tell a wacky story of Calgary's developments. An increase this year of from forty to fifty per cent over last is the average.

The forming of an Esperanto Club in the city is a pleasant little feature, but of no significance beyond the fact that our here in the west people are beginning to find time for recreation. The members don't want any new languages. Balalaika gives us enough, in all conscience. Esperanto may be a cinch, but after we've been at so much trouble to learn the dear old complex English tongue we are not going to give it all up and talk this "faultily faultless, icily regular, splendidly nil" Esperanto. It may be very nice, but English for us, nevertheless.

Calgary's baseball team is traveling the rocky road, but pastures green lie ahead. Infield and outfield

are playing good ball, the team is hitting well, and with another good pitcher the other nights teams will look to us to stand up to the action. As it is, the other fellows have to work for all they get, every game they play.

A mysterious Mr. McNeil has enlivened the real estate situation somewhat, and for a time. A very sensible gentleman, possessing high credentials, he succeeded in inducing a real estate agent to secure options for him on some of the best building properties in the city. He was going to do great things for Calgary, and was the talk of the town. But an unpaid hotel bill and a number of options, on which the agent can't cash in, have cost him his job. The memory of the monies he has left behind him. It evidently is a good policy to insist on these plausible gentlemen showing down before the handing over the keys to the safe.

The inauguration of street delivery marks the epoch in Calgary's history in that of Alberta. Calgary is the first city in either Alberta or Saskatchewan to receive the service of letter carriers. The convenience, of course, is a great one, and already it is taken as a matter of course.

In the development of any city there will be errors both negative and positive, but once more let it be said that any city is in grave danger of committing serious blunders and falling into evil ways when the dwellers therein do not devote themselves with reasonable care to civic affairs.

The fact local express between Banff and Calgary which is being agitated for is a necessity in the minds of the public at the present time. Whether the C.P.R. can see it that way or not is another question. But it is not unlikely that they will take action very soon in this direction.

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A. F. A. Notes

(Continued from page 3) in ripening and in much greater danger from frost than those which have not been haled. The old com plaint about payment being uncertain can no longer be made, because the government has during its management of the land, but made liberal allowance for all damages. The farmers are asking the government to undertake a number of enterprises on their behalf and one of the best ways in which to induce the government to comply with these requests is to give a loyal support to those enterprises, which it has already undertaken. Let all farmers insure without delay.

Some misapprehension has arisen regarding two gatherings to be held near our future.

Some misapprehension has arisen regarding two gatherings to be held near our future.

A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ALBERTA FARMERS' ASSOCIATION, THAT IS THE CENTRAL BODY OF THE FARMERS HELD IN THE FIRE HALL, STRATHCONA, ON JULY 3rd, AT ONE P.M.

A MEETING OF THE DELEGATES FROM THE LOCALS SURROUNDING EDMONTON TO BE HELD ON JULY 2nd, IN JULY 1st, IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, EDMONTON, TO DISCUSS MATTERS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE BEEF COMMISSION.

Deepest sympathy will be extended by members of the A.F.A. to Mr. F. Stevens, the able and energetic secretary on the bereavement sustained by him this week in the loss of his infant daughter.

EDMONTON MARKETS

The local grain markets are ruling with receipts small. Coarse grains are in good demand, with oats at 30 cents per bushel on market square.

Elevator prices.

No. 1 Nor wheat, 63¢ per bushel; No. 2 Nor wheat, 60¢ per bushel; No. 3 Nor wheat, 57¢ per bushel; lower grades, 40¢ to 50¢ per bushel; No. 2 white oats, 30¢ per bushel; No. 3 white oats, 29¢ per bushel; Feed barley, 30¢ to 33¢ per bushel; mashing barley, 35¢ to 40¢ per bushel; No. N.W. Flax, \$1.00 per bushel.

HAY.

Receipts of hay are more liberal with an easier tone to prices. Several loads of new hay have been brought in, and as receipts become more liberal there is likely to be further declines in prices.

Ruling prices about as follows:

Baled Hay in car lots—

Slough, \$12 to \$15 per ton.

Upland, \$16 to \$18 per ton.

Timothy \$18 to \$22 per ton.

By the load on market square—

Slough, \$10 to \$16 per ton.

Upland, \$16 to \$22 per ton.

Timothy, \$18 to \$22 per ton.

Shave oats, \$8 to \$12 per ton.

Barley straw, \$8 to \$10 per ton.

Corn, \$4.50 to \$5 per ton.

Flour, Retail.

Bread patent, \$2.00 to \$3.00 per cwt.

Strong bakers, \$2.25 per cwt.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Receipts of butter and eggs are becoming more liberal causing a lower range of prices.

Prices quoted are average prices being paid to farmers in quantities

Eggs.

Strictly fresh, 18¢ to 20¢ per dozen.

Butter.

Fancy dairy, 1 pound prints, 18 to 20 cents per pound.

Good to choice dairy, 15 to 18 cents per pound.

Dairy in crocks and tubs, 12 to 15 cents per pound, creamery butter 25 to 30 cents per pound. Old butter, slow sale.

Potatoes.

Good potatoes selling around 40 cents per bushel.

LIVE STOCK

Receipts of hogs are becoming more liberal with a tendency toward

a slightly lower range of values.

Cattle, live weight—Steers, 4 1/2c

per pound; Cows, 4c per pound;

dressed, 7c to 7 1/2c per pound.

Live hogs, heavy, 5 1/2c to 5 3/4c per

pound; light and medium, 6 to

6 1/4c per pound.

Live sheep, 1 1/2c per pound. Veal

calves, live weight, 5c to 6c per

pound. Veal calves, dressed, 9c per

pound.

POULTRY

Live turkeys, 15 to 16 per pound

Dresses, 18 to 20 cents per pound

Live chickens, 11 to twelve and a

half cent per pound.

Old hens, live, 10 to 11 cents per

pound.

Old hens, dressed, 14 cents per

pound.

WINNIPEG.

Wheat markets have been firm during week and an advance of 3c to 4c has been gained over prices of one week ago, most of which was secured by a sharp spurt to-day in the market. The market is still in the southwest winter wheat country, doing harvesting and damages further already badly damaging crops and European crop prospects do not improve. The demand for Western Canadian wheat for export has greatly improved; oats are easier but steady and demand is fair. Barley is in good demand at firm prices. Flax is steady. Winnipeg prices are: 1 Nor, 9c; 2 Nor, 98 1/4c; 3 Nor, 84 1/2c; August 93 3/4c; Sept. 94c; Oct., 94 1/2c; No. 2 white oats, 41c; spot July, 40 5/8c; Oct., 37 1/2c; barley, No. 3, 54c; No. 4, 53c; Flax 1 3/8c; No. 1 north Western.

Thompson Sons and Co.

Livestock report last week, cattle receipts, nine thirty eight; market hogs, two hundred twenty eight; market one quarter to one cent lower, good demand, conditions about same.

J. Y. Griffin and Co.

Dr. A. B. Mason
SURGEON DENTIST

Office over Northern Bank
Hours: 9-1, 2-5
Nights by appointment

**THE
Manor Hotel**
Main Street
WINNIPEG, MAN.
\$1.00
PER DAY

This hotel has been thoroughly repaired and newly furnished, and is equal in every respect to any hotel in the country. The proprietor, Mr. McKey, having been a merchant at Bath, Ontario, for 45 years, has been dealing with the public, and knows how to treat the people.

**Groceries
and Meats**

The housewife's delight is to obtain the best goods at the least money.

In buying from us you can always depend on having the best money can buy.

Try us and see for yourself.

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Hotel for Sale

The largest and best house in one of the best towns in Alberta. Good reason for selling. Snap price and easy terms of payment.

Apply or write to—
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612 First Street Edmonton

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Campbell's Ice Cream?

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

THE MOST UP-TO-DATE ICE CREAM PARLORS IN THE CITY.

Also leaders in Bread, Cakes, Pastry and Groceries

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ROBERT MAYE

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Kelley & Mays

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Calgary's baseball team is traveling the rocky road, but pastures green lie ahead. Infield and outfield

The Store That Sells For Lowest Prices

Dainty Footwear FOR EXHIBITION WEEK

For Careful Dressers

We would recommend a look through our shoe department in search of new and nobly footwear for summer. We are showing the most complete range of summer shoes in tan and chocolate kid and white and colored canvas in the city, and with our range of sizes, lasts and widths, we can fit any foot.

'Dorothy Dodd'

Tan Calf

Walking

Oxfords

'Mannish Last'



'Dorothy Dodd'

Canvas

Pumps

and

Oxfords

WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS

In a big range of styles and qualities, plain or embroidered toes, medium or high heels, all sizes 2½ to 7, \$1.50 to \$4.00 per pair.

COLORED CANVAS OXFORDS

In Tan or Grey, a very dressy oxford, made by J. & T. Bell, perfect fitting, per pair, \$3.00.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO.
267 JASPER AVENUE EAST

We can dye Canvas Oxfords in all the season's latest shades. See our west window for the latest styles in summer footwear.

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Wholesale and Retail Hardware,
Hot Air Heating, Tinsmithing
EDMONTON, ALBERTA

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Screen Doors, Screen Windows
Refrigerators, Water Coolers
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All Sizes, Styles and Prices

The Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Paid Up - - - - - \$4,000,000
Total Assets - - - - - \$45,437,516

Savings Bank Department

Interest compounded four times a year. A general banking business transacted.

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Exclusive Men's Tailors

We are showing the very latest effects
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You can save money by examining our stock of

Screen Doors & Windows

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We have a wide range of the above goods and at genuine money saving prices. See our goods and be convinced. Prompt delivery.

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Wilson, Dewar, McKinnon

A Vast Increase Anticipated

Winnipeg Commercial Looks to the West to Produce 118,000,000 bushels of Wheat this Year and Backs up its Opinion by Showing the Correctness of its Forecast in 1906.

The Winnipeg Commercial after receiving reports on the crops from all over the three provinces estimates that the total wheat product for 1907 will be 118,000,000 bushels, an increase of about 20,000,000 over last year, according to the report the Commercial says:

"In response to the Commercial's appeal to the business men of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to report to us the true condition of the growing crops, we are pleased to submit herewith the result of our enquiry. We are gratified to find that the evidence of reliable men from every district corroborates the statements of the Commercial has been publishing regarding the outlook, and that the situation is reported by an army of business men in these provinces to be favorable for

"We have asked our readers for plain answers, giving in brief the actual facts of the acreage, growth, etc., and we submit their verdict.

"Poor little Manitoba, the province of our hopes and fears for the past 25 years, the province on which conditions and prospects of a great inland empire depend, has shown a marked improvement in its agricultural conditions too different. All the same, year in and year out Manitoba can still be depended upon."

"In many parts of Manitoba" says the Commercial, "seedling was earlier, but presents conditions of growth are fully equal to other years. The crop here last year previous to threshing out was one to three bushels per acre. Splendid growth is being made of other years, and indications point to a splendid crop of winter wheat."

"Manitoba shows a decreased average in wheat of about 10 per cent and Saskatchewan and Alberta an increase of about 35 per cent, making at net increase of 25 per cent and bringing in about 5,774,783 acres under wheat."

To inspire confidence in its predictions, the Commercial cites its forecast of last year's crop. "Sixty five million bushels" it says, "was the estimate one leading miller made of the crop here last year previous to threshing out. This was due to the fact that Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, The Commercial estimated at one time that it would be about 97,000,000 bushels. We however, did not know anything about it, so some people said. As the season advanced the daily papers and many authorities considered reliable, output would be somewhere between 55,000,000 and 60,000,000 bushels. We confess having finally become reconciled to the general estimate, and concluded that our figures were too high. Note however, the following despatch from Ottawa this week:

"An interesting statement on the disposal of last year's wheat crop has been received from C. C. Castle, warehouse inspector at Winnipeg. The crop harvested in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta totalled 101,530,225 bushels. Of this amount 56,984,000 bushels have passed through the hands of the grain dealers, who have sold for us on the Canadian mills east of the lakes. There are 1,126,700 bushels in the country elevators in the west; in transit and not inspected 2,745,000 bushels, marketed in Winnipeg, 275,000 bushels, shipped to the United States by the Canadian Pacific, 1,110,600 bushels held for western country mills, 9,000,000 bushels by the farmers for seed, 9,000,000 bushels in the hands of farmers available for market, 7,147,575."

"Not only does Mr. Castle tell The Commercial the amount of the crop in bushels, but he proves his statement by showing what the market disposed of. The Commercial never knows anything anyway, does it? Only a few of our daily contemporaries have any idea of the conditions and outlooks. They know it all. When one sticks up for what he practically knows to be true and correct, his day of triumph will come some time. Mr. Castle's statement fully corroborates The Commercial's estimate of eleven months ago."

Musical and Dramatic.

The role of Cynthia Karlsruhe, in Langdon Mitchell's comedy, "The New York Idea," which Mrs. Fiske will play at the Thistle Inn July 2 will be the twenty first that she has assumed since her return to the stage. Not only is the building up a sumptuous repertory unusual, but a variety of comedies and musicals is even more noteworthy. To have played them successfully calls for the possession of versatility, a quality with

which Mrs. Fiske is splendidly endowed. Few stars have such a varied repertoire, because few stars try to be versatile. Specialization accounts for it.

"Many days in the vanishing past, stars jolted from one city to another, presented a different play every night, versatility was imperative. Nowadays, stars are prone to confine themselves to a certain line of parts. The tendency of the times is to specialize, and the public, once interested in a star, often accepts him in other roles. Nevertheless versatility is the highest form of the actor's art."

"The actor should be all there is, at will," said Delsarte, and the ability to play many sorts of roles well is greater than the ability to succeed in character parts. The greatest actors have all been versatile. A glance at the roles Mrs. Fiske has played in the period mentioned shows their amazing diversity. They run the gamut of the drama—the whole scale of human emotion. Take for example, two of her most successful parts—Cyprienne in "Divorces and Tess in "Tess of the D'Urbervilles."

While each character Mrs. Fiske has played has been strong in an in-

vites." One is delightfully effervescent comedy—the other big, intense drama. Of both roles Mrs. Fiske was the absolute realization; though her Tess was not Hardy's but another of her own creating. Laughter has granted Cyprienne's ardor, and tears have been issued for Tess. "Body Sharp," which was written by the author of Mrs. Fiske's new play, was nearly all comedy, the personification of one of the most famous women in fiction, "Little Italy" was tragedy in which the active personality was hidden behind the mask of a New York matron. Quite different was another Italian character, Delice, in John Luther Long's comedy of that name, "A Bit of Old Chisel." had for Mrs. Fiske the quaintly pathetic character of a London girl, which she well wrote, a woman of the lawless Louisiana bayou region, "Mary of Magdala," a poetical Biblical romance; Leah Kleschka, "terse virile drama of today; "A Doll's House," in which her Nora first revealed Mrs. Fiske as an actor of serious roles, and Lydia Galler, who came home to hold her own at the foremost interpreter of the intellectual realistic drama of Ibsen in America. Add to these "Cesarine," "Not Guilty," "A White Pink," "Love finds the Way," "Magda," "Frou Frou," "The Unwelcome Miss Hatch," and "Miranda," roles complete.

(Continued on page 10)

I will mail you free to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my Book on either Dyspepsia, The Heart or the Kidneys. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of disease or temperament. The treatment is treating the result of your ailment, and not the cause. Weak Stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean Stomach weakness, always. Weak heart, and kidneys as well, have the controlling or inside nerves. Weak lungs, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restorative has made its fame. No other remedy ever claims to treat the "Inside nerves." Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Write me today for sample and free book. Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by Archibald's Drug Store.

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PROSPECTUS

Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000

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Vice-President
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Directors
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A. DRISCOLL, D.L.S.
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Officers
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Head Office
281 JASPER AVENUE EAST, EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

Banks
THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
Solicitors
MESSRS. DAWSON & HYNDMAN

POWERS

The Company is incorporated under "The Companies Ordinance of the North West Territories of the year 1901," and is governed under its Charter the widest powers to enable it to carry out to the greatest advantage the objects of its incorporation. Its Charter covers the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan.

STOCK
The authorized capital is \$500,000 divided into shares of \$100 each.

1. **PREFERRED STOCK WITHDRAWAL STOCK** \$100,000 which is issued for a definite number of years, as the purchaser may desire, and shall bear interest at a rate to be agreed upon, not to exceed 6 per cent. This stock is a first charge against all the Assets of the Company, and it is expected will appeal to Executors, and other Trustees, who wish to have an absolutely safe investment for a fixed period of time, at better rates of interest than is obtainable on bonds or on Debentures. This class of stock carries no voting power in the affairs of the Company.

2. **PREFERRED STOCK** \$300,000. This stock to bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent, and to participate in the profits above 5 per cent as explained below.

This stock should appeal to the Eastern investor, as it is an absolutely safe investment, and will yield a return not ordinarily obtainable in the East.

3. **ORDINARY OR COMMON STOCK** \$100,000. After payment of interest on the Preferred Withdrawal Stock, and after payment of at 5 per cent on the Preferred Stock, this stock shall bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent.

The balance of the profits, after provision is made for the Preferred Stock, will be divided between the Preferred Stock, and the Common Stock; but in such division ONE share of Common Stock shall, for the purpose of such division, be equivalent to THREE shares of Preferred Stock.

So that it can easily be seen that if the Preferred Withdrawal stock is fixed at 5 per cent, the first charge against the Company would be \$50,000 interest on this stock.

The next charge is 5 per cent on \$300,000 Preferred Stock or \$15,000. The next charge is 5 per cent on the Common Stock, or \$5,000 a total charge of \$25,000.

Should the Company earn only 8 per cent, the revenue will be \$40,000. This will leave \$15,000 of a Surplus which is divided equally between the

\$300,000 Preferred Stock and the \$100,000 Common Stock, or \$7,500 for each class; thus netting the Common Stock holder 12½ per cent on his investment.

Should however the net income amount to 10 per cent (which the Directors confidently expect it will) then the dividend on the Common Stock would on the same basis be 17½ per cent.

The voting power is divided equally between the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock, one share of Common Stock being equal to THREE shares of Preferred Stock.

To those who have lived in the West, who know its resources, and the fertility of its soil, who are investing their money, either in Mortgages or in stocks, the latter class of stock will certainly recommend itself, the money being invested at a high rate of interest on the same security as if handled by private funds, safeguarded by men who have spent a number of years in the country.

The Company confidently appeal to the Western investor to subscribe to the Common Stock for the following reasons:

The West has faith in the country and in its stability, and in the farms and property upon which it is proposed to lend money.

He knows that the Directors and officers are men of integrity and business ability with a wide knowledge of land values.

He knows that the present period of extreme prosperity is a good time to put away a snug, safe, interest bearing nest egg.

BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

The Company will loan only on Real Estate, and carry on the business of Land and Mortgage Company in all its branches. No speculation is allowed, and no Real Estate can be purchased, except for the use of the Company, or protection of its securities.

SECURITY AND STABILITY

The field of the Company's operations under its Charter is Alberta and Saskatchewan, and as can easily be seen is an extensive and growing one; and with careful and experienced Directors and Officers, and a maximum loaning limit of 50 per cent on the appraised value of the securities, the soundness and stability of the Company cannot be questioned.

PROSPECTS

An arrangement has been made with the Manager that the costs of management, including office rent, light and heat, and all other expenses, shall for the first year be fixed at a commission of 1 per cent on monies invested, and there is absolutely no Promoters' or watered stock in the Company.

The high rate of interest now prevailing in the West, the small expense of operation, must needs give the Company a splendid opportunity to earn dividends, that compared with other Companies should bring the shares above par within a comparatively short time.

During the past few years residents of Edmonton and the West have made large fortunes in speculation and otherwise, and now desire sound investments with as high a rate of interest as possible. Up to the present nearly all the money invested in Mortgages is from the East, and enormous sums for interest are paid each year to Corporations and individuals living outside the Province.

The time has now arrived when we should seek to keep this money at home, and the North-West Mortgage Company Limited, being composed of local men, will strive to do its share in bringing about this result.

A portion of the Common Stock of the Company is for sale at the Head Office of the Company at Edmonton, and it is expected that this stock will shortly be issued at a premium. First class Mortgages bearing interest at 10 per cent will be accepted in payment of Stock.

SPECIAL FOR JUNE



CHILDREN'S TENTS

Verandah Curtains and Awnings

We also have in stock Lawn Settees, Chairs, Stools, Tables and Hammocks.

Edmonton Tent and Mattress Co., Limited

619 Second Street, Edmonton

July Clearing Sale

Great Bargains in every Department
Commencing Saturday, June 29th.

A Souvenir Pocket Pin-Cushion put in each package of goods purchased.

Come direct to this store on Saturday or any day during the next two weeks, and let us prove to you that you will save money by getting some of our bargains.

Your neighbors will be getting their share of the good things, why not you?

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PARTICULAR WEAR WOMEN WE WILL BE PLEASED TO SHOW YOU THIS STYLE OF THE CYPRESS SHOE FOR WOMEN

350 THIS STYLE SPEAKS FOR ITSELF. WE CAN SHOW IT TO YOU.

400 HOME BETTER AT THIS PRICE.

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EDMONTON, ALBERTA



WHEN THE CIRCUS COMES TO TOWN

There's a sudden streak of goodness In the manners of the boys, And they hail the chores and milking As the circus comes to town. And I caught my wife, Miranda, Putting ribbons on her gown, These are things that always happen When the circus comes to town.

For a week before its advent None of us can sleep a wink But upon a crumpled pillow Lie awake, and think, and think, and think.

Of the airy, fiery riders, And the feisty, smoky clowns, And the glorious time expected When the circus comes to town.

Posters red and blue and yellow, Flaming, panting, filling the place; Every boy, girls too, With a happy shining face.

And we all have urgent business From old Daddy Dixon down, In the village, on the morning, When the circus comes to town.

Though the tent is hot and stuffy And we share it with the flies, When the band begins to tooth We are right in Paradise. Lemonade of rainbow colors, Roasted peanuts, crisp and brown, O, we all forget our troubles When the circus comes to town.

Glory be, I don't know how half of us are going to get through the next week!

Mrs. Fiske and the Circus, Circus and Mrs. Fiske, I don't know which to write first: Fair, where under one roof all indulged it in, and last but never least, the laying of the Y.M.C.A. corner stone.

Life, for four days at least, let it rain as it will, let Alberta sunshine toast us as it may, is bound to be one long, mad scramble.

How the eternal youngster in the Peter Pan who refuses to grow up, and the girl who already you are planning the gowns you will wear, the menus for those four days, so that no hint of distraction may arise to subtract from one moment's enjoyment of the precious time.

I have a couple of would-be, and any could-be, sedate friends who talked very largely of a country holiday and a week. That was a couple of weeks ago.

In glowing terms I heard them describe the delights of a driving tour far into the heart of nature, while the rest of us would be sweltering down on the grand stand at the Exhibition Park, or under the huge canvas seeing the one and only wild man from Borneo do his little raw man stunt.

It sounded well, but didn't alarm me; I happened to know the gentleman better than they knew themselves. Consequently it didn't much surprise me to learn, a day or so since, that they had decided after all, to remain in town to hear "The New York Idols."

The very idea, as if I had ever doubted their ultimate intentions! If you have a good pair of glasses you may even surprise them doing the circus, and drinking schooners of the pinkest lemonade, and basketfuls of "here you go" honey-pickled Cali-for-nia peanuts.

Even the boys, the girls themselves, but not we women, or the all-wise small boy, who somehow has the gift of seeing through things."

If you want a tip for this year's guidance, don't give him the chance to repeat his last year's circus cogitations. You remember we published the result of one such reflection in the Saturday News.

"Say," since the circus struck the town, there were many more.

I've been there every day; It's just the biggest streak of luck That ever came my way.

First grandpa dropped around and said,

He didn't want to go But s'posed there wasn't no one else.

To take me to the show,

On Tuesday Uncle Jimmy came,

And see he didn't care.

To see the thing, 'twas just in case

I wanted to get here.

Then sister's beau came up one night

It bored him; he had found,

But thought as p'raps I'd like to see

The elephants go round.

That cross old man who lives next door,

He can't get to see, to m-

He and no kids, so he would take

The circus job of Pa.

When Pa came home on Saturday

I heard him grumbling that

He hated it like sin, but guessed

He'd hafta take the brat.

You really can't take him in, in the very least, and you might just as well acknowledge that he's a

coward as last. I hope though you won't get taken in by the old clown with the photograph act.

The Saturday News has secured

the privilege of publishing all photos

obtained in the tent, and I really

shouldn't care to see too many of my stud friends, looking foolish.

Switching though, to Mrs. Fiske I

can really hardly sleep o' nights

thinking of the treat in store.

A friend of mine was telling me the other evening of seeing her play back Shakespeare in which, as you know, she reached the culminating pitch of her genius.

My friend spoke of the impression made by her wonderful tawny hair, her remarkable eyes, her superb acting, but ended up with the most striking feature of all, her mouth, "Peggy," she remarked, "you will indeed believe when you saw anything so fascinating in all your life. The queer little twist of it, the thousand suggestions she makes, it conveys; I don't mind telling you that when I went home after seeing her, I practised before the mirror that night and for weeks after to imitate a suspicion of it and failed. Every time I tried, however, and it goes by word of mouth, I am sure, when a girl was trying to act her prettiest, with particular attention to that alluring member, the mouth, 'don't Minnie Madern Fiske, my dear, it's not in you.'

However, I'm patient and have the largest mirror in town, more than I can afford, and I hunt for a very neat way of the body to you needn't be a bit surprised if Peggy fails to put in an appearance next week. At least you'll know what she's busy at.

The cares and distractions of home are a great worry on me.

Among other things, I'm learning how skillful an helmsman it takes to guide the domestic boat in Edmonton.

I am not a cracker, but I have at various times and oft, wild flashes of renson.

The intelligence that will eat have a penchant for a stroll along our principal streets every little while which I neglect not at all. Think of the joy of writing home:

"My dear Aunt Jane,—

"This town is the hummiest wild and woolly thing you ever saw. Yesterday afternoon, after bottling the marmalade, you know I wrote you I was making oranges at ninety cents a dozen, and you can't be too surprised if I don't make a cent a pound—sugar at twelve pounds for a dollar!"

"Well, after attending to the marmalade, Gaston, and I thought we'd go for a constitutional. We decided to take a turn around the Public Hospital to see how slow they'd been in "building" opera-

tion when just now your dearest husband has finally exhibited some things where in this progressive village, what should stalk around the corner but one of the coming attractions at the circus, a raging wild cat. My dear, you can imagine my feelings. I simply stood still and shrieked. Gaston muttered something about a gun and rushed for the nearest fence, etc., etc."

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Can't you hear the epistle being read and the sacred typewriter being sent, purring away by the expressions of horror from every auntie,

every sister, and every cousin?

Even the boys, the girls themselves, but not we women, or the all-wise small boy, who somehow has the gift of seeing through things."

If you want a tip for this year's guidance, don't give him the chance to repeat his last year's circus cogitations. You remember we published the result of one such reflection in the Saturday News.

"Say," since the circus struck the town, there were many more.

I've been there every day; It's just the biggest streak of luck That ever came my way.

First grandpa dropped around and said,

He didn't want to go But s'posed there wasn't no one else.

To take me to the show,

On Tuesday Uncle Jimmy came,

And see he didn't care.

To see the thing, 'twas just in case

I wanted to get here.

Then sister's beau came up one night

It bored him; he had found,

But thought as p'raps I'd like to see

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THE DOMINION BANK

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We carry a full line of Mrs. Gayvage Graham's TOILET PREPARATIONS, also other indispensable articles such as FANCY COMBS, HAIR GOODS, COSMETICS, BATHESWEET, Etc. Ladies' Combing made up. All kinds of Hair Work done.

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500 Happy Homes

in Edmonton, in whose bread chests will be found OUR BREAD.

Is our bread in your home to-day? If not, call around and have it sent up at once.

Don't get into the rut of thinking that because you have been taking one kind of bread for five years, you must do so until the Millennium! You may be ruining your digestion in this way.

Just try us for a week. We don't ask much. We're sure of this: If you don't like our bread it will be because you can't appreciate clean, fresh, well-baked wholesome food. Enough said.

LEWIS'

Jasper Avenue, - near the Opera House

WINNIPEG FAIR

July 13th to 20th, 1907

Biggest Wheat Prizes in Canada. Horse and Cattle special features. Magnificent Fire Works. Greatest Race Programming in the West. Entries close—Harness races, July 2nd; all others, July 1st.

G. H. GREIG, Pres.

A. W. BELL, Sec.

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TUESDAY, JULY 2

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Direction of Harrison Grey Fiske

MRS. FISKE

AND THE MANHATTAN COMPANY
PRESENTING

THE NEW YORK IDEA

Secured as special attraction for Fair Week at an Enormous Guarantee

BY LANGDON MITCHELL

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neighborhood of six." I was speaking in the Edmonton dialect, roughly you know.

"But" from housekeeper with a pistol levelled at her head, "this is outrageous. A week ago you certainly said six. Why now twelve?" "Madam," with freezing politeness, "since a week the river has risen, much lumber was lost when the boom broke."

"Say no more," weakly from the disengaged one, "the next thing you'll be mentioning the freight. In any case I don't care to talk about booms. Here is the money, and may the first land grabber do you as effectually as you've done me."

We need to enlarge our jails and penitentiaries.

HOME AND SOCIETY

To London Town from Babylon
The pageant of the world goes by!
For you, for you, I pause and con
A Stander-by.

Mrs. Bulyen had as her guests at Government House several delegates to the Baptist Convention, including Barth, Umphall, Dr. Ross, Miss Reekie, Wimberley, Rev. Dr. McDiarmid, Paddington, Rev. Mr. Stackhouse, Superintendent of Missions, and Rev. Mr. Padley of Nelson B.C. A reception for the delegates was held on Monday, when the lady of the gubernatorial mansion was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Nobles, Miss Robinson and Mrs. Bellamy.

Mrs. N. D. Beck leaves next week for a visit to Ontario.

Despite the stormy weather, the ladies of All Saints' Church realized \$70 from their garden party, which all present thoroughly enjoyed.

Mrs. Bourchier leaves on Saturday for a visit to Red Deer. On the same day her husband goes to Winnipeg and Mr. Bourchier, senior, to Banff, where he will take the baths.

Mrs. F. T. Fisher has gone to Gull Lake to spend the summer. She will not return to the city till September.

Mrs. Duncan of Winnipeg, who has been a visitor at the Capital, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. T. S. F. Jackson, for the past few weeks, left for her home on Tuesday.

Mrs. Sydney B. Woods, Miss Marjorie Brown of Hamilton, and Mrs. Woods' small family, and maid, left on Tuesday for Victoria for Calgary where he will meet his wife and baby from the east.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ross are home again after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Taylor at Nelson B.C. They are at present the guests of their son Mr. Holly Ross.

Mr. W. McKeeney M.P.P. and Miss Maud McKeeney left on Thursday for Winnipeg for a week's visit. On their return they will be accompanied by Miss Aloisie McKeeney who has been attending the convention in that city.

Mr. G. R. F. Kirkpatrick leaves on Saturday to spend the week end at

Gull Lake, which, by the way, has become a very popular resort with young people, the majority of whom are at present enjoying its attractions. He will be accompanied by his little family who will remain there, I believe, for a longer stay.

Last Saturday the golf links were practically deserted, the rank growth of grass preventing anything like golfing. As regards the tennis courts and cricket creases, reaped the benefits, being crowded with spectators, who witnessed a good cricket match, between the regular club and a team hastily gathered together by Mr. Graham and which included many former fine players at present out of practice. Tea was served at the courts by Mrs. Pardoe.

Mrs. J. J. Young of Calgary was the hostess of a large and most enjoyable tea in Calgary last week, when her niece, Miss Kathleen Graydon of Edmonton, was one of the young, pretty assistants.

The Attorney General and Mrs. Cross reached home on Wednesday. I hear they had a delightful time abroad, and that Mr. Cross is feeling in splendid health as a result of his trip.

Mrs. George Manuel, with her three daughters, arrived on Wednesday for southern Manitoba, to spend the summer with her father and mother, Mrs. Henry Imhoff.

I take the following from the Cornwall Standard: The marriage of Mr. Charles Geddes Scarth, of Edmonton, to Miss Grace McLeaman, second daughter of Mr. D. B. MacLeod, of Kitchener, took place on Wednesday, June 19th, at the residence of the bride's grandfather, Mr. S. Cline, Le Boeage, Second Street, East. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. N. H. McGillivray, of St. John's Church.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown with the conventional veil and orange blossoms. The bridesmaids—Miss Maud MacLeaman, sister of the bride, wore a dress of pink mulle, pink pom pom with ostrich tips.

The bride travelled in a Copenhagen blue brocade suit, black hat with blue lining. Mrs. James Morrison, of the Bank of Montreal, was matron. Among the out-of-town guests present were Mrs. Scarth, Toronto, mother of the groom; Mrs. Glyn Oster and Mrs. Goffrey Benning Greene, Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Mattice, Miss Macpherson, Montreal; and Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Taylor, Winnipeg. Among the many gifts some presents received by the bride was a case of cutlery and silver bread knife from the Service, Choir and Sunday School of St. John's Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Scarth left on the afternoon of Friday on their wedding trip and will visit Mr. and Mrs. Toronto, and other points before leaving the West to take up their residence in Edmonton. They will carry with them the sincere good wishes of a host of friends for their future happiness and prosperity.

The Standard has also the following: The Cornwall friends of Mr. G. R. F. Kirkpatrick, manager of the Saturday News of Edmonton, all former members of the Bank of Montreal here, gave a dinner in his honor at the Hotel Duquette on Tuesday evening, as a mark of their esteem and to congratulate him upon his

THE ACME COMPANY, LIMITED
JASPER AVENUE (Corner Second St.)

WE ANNOUNCE

To the people of Edmonton and vicinity our **SECOND SATURDAY SALE** which will be held June 29th. This sale is previous to inventory and for this reason we are putting the goods out at marvellous reductions to reduce our heavy stock.

AT THIS SALE

Every department of our store will be represented with many special offerings of new and seasonable goods.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

We would ask you to see the daily papers on Friday which will contain items of interest to those who are seeking goods of the highest worth at the lowest possible prices.

THE ACME COMPANY, LIMITED

Mrs. Fiske may be said to have been a pioneer so far as the American stage is concerned. But her influence has been wide spread and shows from the acting of players who have studied her or appeared under her direction. Her style is not spectacular, however. Her great power and effects are gained by the suggestion of intense, repulsive force. She is one of the few who can project not only her words, but her thoughts over the footlights, and make an audience grasp a mental process without the aid of a spoken line. She prefers and, indeed only plays parts that are susceptible to introspective analysis, that human impulses actuate them.

Mrs. Fiske's part in "The New York Idea" can hardly be likened to any of its forerunners, since it is a distinct type in many ways on the stage. It is a comedy character, though not without its touches of pathos, but it is of a sombre nature than it really is. Thoroughly dramatic, it is in harmony with Mrs. Fiske's methods.

Cynthia Karlska is the young New York woman oft oday as she is found in the inner circles of fashionable society. She is brilliant, enthusiastic, smartly gowned, and better versed in the frivolities in the realities of life. While a

type, she has also qualities that make her individual. One of them is a heart, in the emotional sense. It is with the victory of the heart over its environment that the play deals.

The part suits Mrs. Fiske admirably, and like most of her portrayals it is likely to become part of the permanent population of the acted drama.

Free for Carruth, just to prove myself, a half dozen bottles Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Let me send it now. It is a snow white creamy healing antiseptic balm. Containing such healing ingredients as Oil of Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat.

Send the free test and see for yourself with this preparation can and will accuse me. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by Archibald's Drug Store.

OLD HATS MADE NEW

We can do exactly what we say, make old hats look brand new. We are equipped with the latest improved facilities for this work. We also clean and re-size hats and gent's clothing.

THE HAT HOSPITAL

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WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVER-WARE, ART GLASS, OPTICAL GOODS, PIPES, COMBS, EBONY & LEATHER GOODS.

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A. M. STEWART, Manager Edmonton Branch
Corner Jasper Avenue and First Street

Musical and Dramatic.

(Continued from page 8)

individuality peculiar and proper to itself, one thing is ever present in the art of acting, that is naturalness. She is first and above all a fighter in realism on the stage, and studiously avoids anything approaching the theatric. Of this form of acting